#### DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

T.B.C.: GHSA-U-ENG

Serial

1004903



Test Booklet Series



# TEST BOOKLET ENGLISH

Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT
  THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS,
  ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series Code A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.
- 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside.

DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.

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- 4. This Test Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.

6. All items carry equal marks.

- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has
  concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to
  take away with you the Test Booklet.
- 9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end,

10. Penalty for wrong answers:

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THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, one-third of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a wrong answer even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

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(1-C)

#### COMPLETION OF SENTENCE

**Directions**: Following items features one part of the sentence followed by four alternatives. Complete the sentences by choosing the correct alternative.

- "1. I stopped seeing her
  - (a) for she moved to the city.
  - (b) as long as she moved to the city.
  - (c) no sooner than she moved to the city.
    - (d) because she moved to the city.
- '2. He led the caravan
  - (a) whenever he wanted to go.
  - (b) whichever he wanted to go.
  - (c) wherever he wanted to go.
  - (d) whomsoever he wanted to go.
- 3. Unless you work harder
  - (a) you will succumb.
  - (b) you will pass.
  - (c) you will fail.
  - (d) you will be promoted.
- .4. Had I the wings of a bird
  - (a) I would fly away.
  - (b) I should fly away.
  - (c) I will have flown away.
  - (d) I could have flown away.
- 5. He would be happier
  - (a) was he more honest.
  - (b) had he more honest.
  - (c) should he be more honest.
  - (d) were he more honest.

- 6. No sooner did I arrive at the airport
  - (a) then the flight took off.
  - (b) than the flight took off.
  - (c) did the flight take off.
  - (d) than the flight shall take off.
- '7. I couldn't be angry with him
  - (a) had I tried.
  - (b) should I try.
  - (c) if I tried.
  - (d) even I tried.
- %. He knows only
  - (a) so much as I have told him.
  - (b) whichever I have told him.
  - (c) so far as I have told him.
  - (d) what I have told him.
- 9. As you have made your bed
  - (a) you must learn to lie.
  - (b) you must adjust with the situation.
  - (c) so you must lie on it.
  - (d) so that you can lie on it.
- 10. The younger man has more money
  - (a) then brains.
  - (b) of brains.
  - (c) than brains.
  - (d) for brains.

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## PREPOSITIONS AND DETERMINERS

**Directions**: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space with four options. Select whichever preposition or determiner you consider the most appropriate for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

11.	He succeeded dint of perseverance	16.	We travelled	Mr. Barthwal's car.
	and hard work.		(a) at	
	(a) in		(b) with	
	(b) of		(c) inside	
	(c) by		(d) in	
7	(d) with	T in		
	Lie ill books he noticed from	-17.	Suresh came home	train.
12.	his ill health, he retired from	A THE	(a) on	
	his business.	A	(b) with	
	(a) With regard to		(c) by	
	(b) Due (c) As	391	(d) off	
	(d) Owing to			
	W. Swing to	118.	Few things are im	npossible
-13.	These are the good rules to live		achieve with diligence	and skill.
	(a) with		(a) for	
	(b) by	10	(b) to	
	(c) off		(e) in	
	(d) in		(d) onto	
	People who are averse hard	The said	(d) onto	
-14.	work do not succeed in life.	19.	It is natural for every	vone to aspire
	(a) to		distinction.	
	(b) with		(a) with	
	(c) of		(b) about	
	(d) regarding		(c) into	
		100		
. 15.	A woman who always connives		(d) for	
	her children to hide their faults, is their worst	20.	He is liable	his wife's debts.
	enemy.		(a) for	
	(a) with		(b) to	
	(b) by		(e) with	
	(c) at		(d) at	
	(d) for	1	(a) au	
011	(3	-01		

#### ORDERING OF SENTENCES

Directions: In this section each item consists of six sentences of a passage. The first and the sixth sentences are given in the beginning as SI and S6. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up and labelled as P, Q, R and S. You are required to find the proper sequence of the four sentences and mark your response accordingly on the Answer Sheet.

- 21. S1: Hunger and malnutrition are outcomes of food insecurity or the inability to access adequate food and nutrition.
  - S6: It is most likely that India is going to miss the Millennium Development Goal in this regard.
    - P : In 2001-03, every fifth Indian was found to be undernourished.
  - Q: The rate of decline in the proportion of the undernourished through the 1990s was much slower in comparison to the decline in poverty headcount ratio.
  - R : Hunger-related poverty remains one of the major deprivations in India.
  - S: In fact, the proportion of undernourished people remained stagnant at 21% in the second half of 1990s, and the number actually increased.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) RPQS
- (b) RQPS
- (c) SRPQ
- (d) QPRS
- 22. S1: The Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) was established in 1975.
  - S6: These predictions have an effect on the Indian economy that belies any belief that the economy of our country is not solely dependent on agriculture and the rains that feed it.
  - P: The Meteorological Départment is perhaps also burdened with the most critical form of soothsaying i.e., forecasting the monsoon.
  - Q: The Crop Yield Formation Unit of the department has developed statistical models using correlation and regression techniques.
  - R: The IMD issued the first operational long range forecast of seasonal south-west monsoon rainfall in India in 1986.
  - S: It is the natural meteorological service and the principal agency in all matters related to meteorology.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) RSPQ
- (b) SRQP
- (c) SQRP
- (d) PQRS

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- 23. S1: Let us posit two questions: one, what ails our parliamentary system?
  - S6: Given the current political scenario, it appears that India has yet to develop a strong parliamentary culture.
    - P: To search for an answer, we begin with Rudolf's observation that the parliamentary life has deteriorated in India.
    - Q: Two, how democratic is our democracy?
    - R: For a system to survive, grow and prosper, it needs to be supported by a democratic political culture.
    - S: There is an organic connectivity between a parliamentary system and parliamentary democracy.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) QRPS
- (b) SPRQ
- (c) PQRS
- (d) QPRS
- 24. S1: People of every country think very highly of themselves and consider their country the best or the greatest.
  - S6: We should accept whatever good we may find in other countries.
  - P: And discard what is bad.
  - Q: No country can be absolutely good, just as no man can be thoroughly good.
  - R : One must cultivate the ability to discern the good from the bad.
  - S: We have to keep what is good.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) QPRS
- (b) SPQR
- (c) QRSP
- (d) PQRS

- 25. S1: Poverty is wrongly considered an evil.
  S6: To abolish poverty would be to destroy the soil upon which mankind produces the virtues conducive to higher civilisation.
  P: Most of the great men on Earth are those who have sprung from the ranks of the poor.
  - Q: The home of poverty, free from care and social envy, is characterised by love and unity among its members.
  - R: The children of rich men are not so fortunate as those of poor men.
  - S: The poor lead a happier life than the rich.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) QPRS
- (b) SRQP
- (c) SPQR
- (d) QRPS
- 26. / S1: 'All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy' There is a lot of truth in this proverb.
  - S6: Games provide recreation for the pupils, and also make their bodies strong.
  - P : Then, they can go back to their books, refreshed.
  - Q: Games provide the best form of recreation in schools.
  - R: Unless pupils enjoy some sort of recreation, they become dull and their reading suffers as a consequence.

...

S: Pupils should play for an hour or two.

The correct sequence should bo:

- (a) RQSP
- (b) PQRS
- (c) PRSQ
- (d) QPRS

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(6-C)

27. 'S1: Sometimes we have to put up with something irksome or unpleasant. S6: But we find ourselves getting accustomed to it in due course of time. P .: Suppose we shift into a house near a factory which keeps going all day. Q: As time goes by, we are able to adapt ourselves to it so that it becomes a part of our life. R : Thus, we can get used to anything. S: At first, the noise of the machinery makes it impossible for us to sleep at night. The correct sequence should be: QPSR (a) PORS (b) QRPS (c) SRQP (d) 28. r S1: A large city is the best school for studying life. S6: Thus a city can teach us many aspects of life. P : If we live in a city for a year or two, we will be able to acquire a good knowledge of life. Q: In a large city we encounter different types of persons. R: The rich and the poor, the proud and the humble, the deceitful and the innocent, the rough and the gentle. S: The various facets of life can be found reflected in a large city. The correct sequence should be : PQSR (a) Š SRPQ (b) QPSR (c) QRSP (d)

29.	9. S1: Great talkers are never great doers.	
	S6: Those who do nothing are usually the most talkative	ye.
	P: Rather they serve themselves and never the comm	unity,
	Q: But when the time for action comes, they keep then	nselves away.
	R : We come across people who are eloquent over great	
	S: Many who deliver wonderful speeches about their country.	
	The correct sequence should be:	
	(a) PRSQ	
	(b) RQSP	1982 1
	(c) RSQP	
	(d) PQRS	
1000 0 € 10	S1: Leisure is perhaps as important as work.  S6: We should take care to make proper use of leisure.  P: And we feel very tired.  Q: Unless we have some break, we cannot carry on and R: Sometimes we work continuously.  S: After a little relaxation, we can work more energetical.  The correct sequence should be:  (a) RQPS  (b) SRPQ  (c) QPSR	
ć	(d) RPQS	
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#### SYNONYMS

**Directions**: Each item in this section consists of a sentence with an underlined word followed by four words/group of words. Select the option that is **nearest in meaning** to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- 31. Please use conversational language.
  - (a) formal
  - (b) complex
  - (c) dialogical
  - (d) informal
- 32. My neighbour is malicious.
  - (a) generous
  - (b) affectionate
  - (c) spiteful
  - (d) magnanimous
- 33.- I was awe-inspired by his designation.
  - (a) position
  - (b) looks
  - (c) social status
  - (d) personality
- 34. Words of endearment always touch me.
  - (a) praise
  - (b) fondness
  - (c) conviction
  - (d) wisdom
- 35. We should follow patience and forbearance.
  - (a) constraint
  - (b) encouragement
  - (c) restraint
  - (d) support

- 36. His gibbous looks make him different from others.
  - (a) hunched
  - (b) smart
  - (c) charming
  - (d) disabled
- 37. She tormented me with her detached behaviour.
  - (a) threatened
  - (b) ignored
  - (c) cajoled
  - (d) distressed
- 38. Her peerless manners were noticed.
  - (a) lovable
  - (b) rowdy
  - (c) irrelevant
  - (d) unequalled
- 39. He studied mensuration carefully.
  - (a) measurement
  - (b) questions
  - (c) conclusions
  - (d) lessons
- 40. They smothered the fire in the building.
  - (a) lighted
  - (b) surrounded
  - (c) doused
  - (d) saw

#### IDIOMS AND PHRASES

**Directions:** Given below are some idioms/phrases followed by four alternative meanings to each. Choose the response (a), (b), (c) or (d) which is the most appropriate expression and mark your response in the Answer Sheet accordingly.

#### 41: Be out for the count

- (a) Sleeping deeply
- (b) Counting money carefully
- (c) To count each step one takes
- (d) To be very happy

#### 42., Go by the book

- (a) To buy a book of one's choice
- (b) To understand the book
- (c) To follow someone who reads books
- (d) To follow rules exactly

#### 43. Double-talk

- (a) Interfering while someone is talking
- (b) Speaking with double meaning
- (c) Speaking to confuse people and avoid truth
- (d) Talking repeatedly and annoying people

#### 44. At somebody's elbow

- (a) To be dominated by someone
- (b) To be near someone in order to help
- (c) To be kept in house
- (d) To make people important

## 45. Treading on eggshells

- (a) Taking care of eggs to save the lives of young chicks
- (b) Intending to grow very fast
- (c) Making best bets in one's trade
- (d) To be careful in speech and actions

#### 46. Everyone and his brother

- (a) · An individual and all his relatives
- (b) To think about universal brotherhood
- (c) A large number of people
- (d) To treat people as relatives

#### 47. - Feet of clay

- (a) Very soft feet
- (b) Difficulty in running
- (c) Slow in actions
- (d) Hidden faults

#### 48. Feel the pinch

- (a) Being hurt and wounded by someone
- (b) To remain silent on injustice
- (c) Having financial problems all of a sudden
- (d) Feeling disappointment

#### 49. - The feathers fly

- (a) To add more success to one's career
- (b) To fight and argue a lot
- (c) To lead a carefree life
- (d) To get into a romantic relationship

## 50. A foregone conclusion

- (a) A generous gift
- (b) A confusing idea
- (c) An obvious speculation
- (d) An inevitable result

## ORDERING OF WORDS IN A SENTENCE

Directions: Each of the following items in this section consists of a sentence, parts of which have been jumbled. These parts have been labelled as P, Q, R and S. Given below each sentence are four sequences, namely (a), (b), (c) and (d). You are required to re-arrange the jumbled parts of the sentence and mark your response accordingly.

77.00 G	DO DU	on as t	he governme	nt was pressed to do	something for the poor	the session commence
		P .		Q	R	S
(%)	(a)	QRSP				
	(b)	RQPS				
	(c)	PSQR				
	(b)	SQRP				
2.0			ome within r	ny subject lightly es	steemed by me if I don'	t speak to them, it's because
25511)			P	20 W (Mark 1974)	Q	R
	and	not beca	use they are			
	(a)	SPRQ				
	<b>(b)</b>	QRPS				
	(c)	RSPQ				
	(d)	RPSQ				
	WATER STATE	. Armani	mous victor	he fortune of war ha	ad put in his power so c	ruelly would treat those wh
10.	10 1		P	Q	R	S
	1-3	PQRS	-	:O#		
	(a)	PSQB			<u>₩</u>	
	(b) (e)	SQRE				
	(d)	RPQS				
3					of him no one dare his	honesty of nurnose
		IN ATTAC			Willing To one date me	storiend or hard
54.	can		tion whatev			s
54		P		Q Q	R	S
j4,-	(a)	P QSPI				<b>S</b>
54,-	(a) (b)	P QSPF SPRC			B	S
54,°	(a) (b) (c)	P QSPF SPRG QRPS	<b>.</b> 1			<b>S</b>
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	P QSPI SPRO QRPS PQRS	L L S	Q	<b>B</b>	<b>S</b>
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	P QSPI SPRO QRPS PQRS	L L S	Q	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	P QSPF SPRC QRPS PQRS become	ever since	Q he COVID-19 pands Q	B	<b>S</b>
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	P QSPF SPRC QRPS PQRS become	L L S	Q he COVID-19 pands Q	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	P QSPF SPRC QRPS PQRS become	ever since	Q he COVID-19 pande Q ed risk	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	P QSPF SPRC QRPS PQRS become	ever since disease-relat	Q he COVID-19 pands Q	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life
-	(a) (b) (c) (d) + has	P QSPF SPRC QRPS PQRS become P brating	ever since disease-relat	Q he COVID-19 pande Q ed risk	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life
-	(a) (b) (c) (d) - has cali	P QSPF SPRC QRPS PQRS become P brating	ever since disease-relat	Q he COVID-19 pande Q ed risk	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life
	(a) (b) (c) (d) - has cali (a) (b)	P QSPF SPRC QRPS PQRS become P brating QSPT SRQ PQR	ever since disease-relat S	Q he COVID-19 pande Q ed risk	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life
55.	(a) (b) (c) (d) + has cali (a) (b)	P QSPF SPRO QRPS PQRS become P brating QSPF SRQ PQR QPR	ever since disease-relat S	Q he COVID-19 pande Q ed risk	<b>B</b>	S 'everyday life

56	late s	ixties	he still enjoys vig	orous	he is in his	health: al	lthough		
	3	P	·Q		R	S	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	(a)	QPRS							
	(b)	SPRQ				75			
	100	QSRP							
	(d)	PQRS							
		ini		(2)					
57. 7	inviti	ng as ti	te retort of abuse	nothin	g is so easy	and and	sarcasm but i	it is a paltry	
2			P	(6)	Q	46-	R		18
	and a		ofitable contest	8	8				
	<b>2004</b> 0 10		3						
		QRSP							
	161	RSPQ							
		QRPS							¥
至 初 素	(d) (	QPRS							50
58. / j	introdi	uces an	tithetical ideas a	n onico	nm is a balla	erios soci		roventres so	
15	- 11.4.00		P	n chist	Q Q	ana por		hat frequently	8
13	that ca	use on	e to think afresh		· G		R		
8 <b>≅</b>			8						
- 2	rani er	OBO	lw.	4					
		PQRS					774		
	FF	QRPS						128	
~	Fig. 32	QRP					1700		
3	d) (	(PRS							
590	of antit	hesis v	vhereby two predi	cted at	once oxyme	ron is a si	necial form o	mtwodiatassa a	
-	-=/.9	P	)	Q		R	PECIAL TOTAL C	S	nantics are
(4	a) P	QRS		1877		WEST.		5	
	(2	RQS							
		PSQ				300			
101		PRQ							
		Allower To Pro							
60. ∕ <u>a</u>	nd ma	rble; th	ey thus mock him	peopl	c talk of me	morials to	him in state	ies of bronze	
			.f.	53	Q		F		
a	na beli	e his n	essage						
(a	1 0	RSP	in the second se				8 <b>∓</b> ,		
		11000							
(b	200	QRS RPS							
o) b)	5								
30	) n	QSP							
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					or contract to the control of			(2	

## SPOTTING ERRORS

**Directions:** Each item in this section has a sentence with three underlined parts labelled as (a), (b) and (c). Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in any underlined part and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet against the corresponding letter i.e., (a) or (b) or (c). If you find no error, your response should be indicated as (d).

61. This	s task is being un	dertaken for the	penefit of you	ing people in ne	eeded	
	(a)	La constant de la con	(b)			
at t	he instance of the	Chief of the Group	. No error			
	(c)		(d)			
62 If I	am the princips	al of the school I	would abolish	all examination	ns. No error	
(8	0	b)	(	c)	(d)	
63 My	mother is thinking	that I should	stop drinkin	g. No error		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
64. The	e students have	a good time in th	e class today	. No error		
4	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
65. Mo	re than thirty lak	h people were in		nst COVID-19	1	
	(a)		(b)		(c)	(d)
66 LIC	C was found on	September 1, 1956	via the Life	e Insurance Co	rporation Act.	No error
1	(a)	(0)		(c)		(d)
67 Fu	ll many a flower	are born to blus	h unseen.	No error		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		ASS.
68 Is	hall be glad to he	lp every one of m	y boys in t	heir studies	No error	
	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	
00 - M		involve discomfor	t in the cer	tre or left side	of the chest. 1	No error
69. Mo		(b)		(c)		(d)
THE PARTY NAMED IN	(a)				r hundred kilor	
70. Fo	r most food park	marketing initiat		ricted to a lev	1000	(d)
	(a)		(b)		(e)	(u)
GHSA-U	I-ENG		(13 - C	)		

#### FILL IN THE BLANKS

Directions: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space and four words or group of words are given after the sentence. Select the most appropriate word or group of words for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

71. Fifteen years, Elizabeth left her	76. There is nothing than a busy life.
career and moved to India with her spouse.	(a) good
(a) ago	(b) easier
(b) before	(c) best
(c) since	(d) better
(d) behind	
79 TL 0	77. I wish I young again.
72. , The Government has into a	(a) were
specific agreement with a charitable trust to	(b) was
provide medicines to poor patients.	(c) had been
(a) enter	(d) have been
(b) entered	78. He must work very hard and make up
(c) entering	lost time.
(d) been entered	
73. Whatever, please keep calm.	<b>X</b>
(a) has happened	(b) for
(b) is happening	(c) during
(c) has been happening	(d) again
(d) happens	79. Your attempt can hardly be called successful,
The period of th	for it had no good results.
74./ road we take, we shall be late.	(a) have
(a) Whatever	(b) did
(b) What	(e) didn't
(c) Whichever	(d) has
(d) Which	
75. The news is good to be true	80. As per the existing market rate, twelve dozen
9 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	one hundred rupees.
(a) so	(a) costs
(b) too	(b) cost
(c) very	(c) costed
(d) enough	(d) is costing

#### COMPREHENSION

Directions: In this section you have two short passages. After each passage, you will find some items based on the passage. First, read a passage and answer the items based on it. You are required to select your answers based on the contents of the passage and opinion of the author only.

#### Passage - I

All organisms such as plants, animals, microorganisms and human beings as well as the physical surroundings interact with each other and maintain a balance in nature. All the interacting organisms in an area together with the non-living constituents of the environment form an ecosystem. Thus, an ecosystem consists of biotic components comprising living organisms and abiotic components comprising physical factors like temperature, rainfall, wind, soil and minerals.

For example, if you visit a garden you will find different plants, such as grasses, trees; flower-bearing plants like rose, jasmine, sunflower; and animals like frogs, insects and birds. All these living organisms interact with each other and their growth, reproduction and other activities are affected by the abiotic components of the ecosystem. So a garden is an ecosystem. Other types of ecosystems are forests, ponds and lakes. These are natural ecosystems while gardens and crop-fields are human-made ecosystems.

- 81. The general tone of the passage is
  - (a) critical.
  - (b) satirical.
  - (c) analytical.
  - (d) informational.

- 82. Which of the following is a non-living constituent of the environment?
  - (a) Wind
  - (b) Bacteria
  - (c) Grasses
  - (d) Frog
- 83. Abiotic components of the ecosystem refer to
  - (a) living organisms.
  - (b) non-living organisms.
  - (c) natural surroundings.
  - (d) physical factors.
- 84. Which of the following is **not** a natural ecosystem?
  - (a) Crop-field
  - (b) Forest
  - (c) Pond
  - (d) Lake
- 85. The word 'constituent' in the passage implies
  - (a) constellation.
  - (b) consternation.
  - (c) component.
  - (d) constriction.

#### Passage - II

As we discussed food and sang every song we could remember and talked incessantly, we were slowly moving deeper into the Atlantic, and we got the feeling, really, that we belonged there, and that the ships that passed on the horizon were only hurrying strangers. We were actually living on the ocean. We discovered that the birds all seemed to league up at night-time, resting on the water by the hundreds. When we came poking along, we seemed so much a part of the sea that the birds wouldn't move until we were about five yards away. Then they'd flutter off, leaving feathers floating in the water, and settle again a few yards away.

The dolphins and porpoises would come up at sunset and move in among us and the birds. They'd come up very lazily under the birds, which would go up on their heels and flap their wings a bit, and then settle right down again. Two whales joined us one evening and played ring-around-rosie so close to us that Chay could have reached out an oar and tapped one.

We had calculated that we had just enough rations to make England, but the easterly winds caused an agonizing reappraisal. It would have been an interesting experience, running right down like that, but we felt we must not risk other people's lives by making them search for us. We decided to accept rations from the next ship that stopped. Was it a mature decision?

This was also the time when the strain of the voyage really began to tell on us. I wrote in my log: I have known fear many times in my life, and indeed I have often striven to develop a situation that provided fear in both boxing and parachuting. I have never known anything like this — cannot be over tomorrow, or for many tomorrows. Somehow it is like being rubbed down with sandpaper. I honestly do not know how many storms there have been now, and each leaves us progressively weaker.'

"Tonight we lie and wait. Nothing could save us if we get into difficulties. No ship could get us off these seas even if it arrived in time. We are completely in God's hands, at the mercy of the weather. All night the wind screams louder and louder, and the sound of the sea grows. We talk of many things — the night train to Scotland, the many things we've done, and slowly we are overtaken by an enormous feeling of humility and a desire to return to try and live a better life. The weather reached a climax at 0300 and then declined rapidly. Thank goodness we could not see the sea."

66.	"We impl	were actually living on the ocean,"	89.	They	lost all hope of survival because
	(a)	they were homeless.	8), Fr	(a)	it was freezing cold.
	(p)	they were on a long voyage into the Atlantic.	S*X	(b)	there was no help coming to them.
	(c)	they were without any source of income.	*	(e)	they were facing a severe sea-storm.
	(d)	they were fishing deep into the Atlantic for their living.		(d)	they were frightened by the whales and dolphins.
87.		the birds all seemed to league up at t-time," implies		ž	
	(a)	left alone at night-time.			
gę.	(b)	isolated at night-time.			*
Ř	(c)	get together at night-time.	90.	"We	are overtaken by an enormous feeling of
	(d)	stay in groups at night-time.		hun	nility," implies that they
				(a)	have lost faith in themselves.
88.		at did the author write in his log?		<b>(b)</b>	were ready to accept help from the ships around them.
	(a)	They faced the worst kind of fear ever experienced.	() D		around them.
	(p)	They were excellent in boxing and parachuting.	si S	(c)	needed equipment and food to survive.
	(c)	They faced the storms bravely.		(d)	have accepted the strength and power of
	(d)	They starved for food.			nature with modesty.

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#### PARTS OF SPEECH

Directions: Each of the following sentences has a word or phrase underlined. Read the sentences carefully and find which part of speech the underlined word belongs to. Indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- 91. The conclusions that they came to are highly questionable.
  - (a) Noun
  - (b) Adjective
  - (c) Adverb
  - (d) Gerund
- 92. This year marks the quincentenary of Columbus's voyage to America.
  - (a) Noun
  - (b) Adjective
  - (c) Adverb
  - (d) Article
- 93. I still cherish the memories of those far-off days.
  - (a) Preposition
  - (b) Conjunction
    - (c) Adjective
    - (d) Adverb
- 94. I don't think I'll come on Saturday. I have a lot of work to do. Besides, I don't really like parties.
  - (a) Adjective
  - (b) Adverb
  - (c) Preposition
  - (d) Conjunction
- 95. The bottomline is that we have to make a decision today.
  - (a) Noun
  - (b) Pronoun
  - (c) Adverb
  - (d) Adjective

- 96. · Try to knock that vase over.
  - (a) Proposition
  - (b) Conjunction
  - (c) Adjective
  - (d) Adverb
- 97. · I'd like an ice cream. Are you having one too?
  - (a) Noun
  - (b) Pronoun
  - (c) Adjective
  - (d) Adverb
- 98. My parents lent me the money. Otherwise, I could not have afforded the trip.
  - (a) Adjective
  - (b) Adverb
  - (c) Conjunction
  - (d) Participle
- 99. She wrote me an anguished letter from her prison cell.
  - (a) Noun
  - (b) Verb
  - (c) Adjective
  - (d) Adverb
- 100. There is a visitor for you.
  - (a) Relation Pronoun
  - (b) Definite Article
  - (c) Indefinite Article
  - (d) Adverb

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#### ANTONYMS

Directions: Each item in this section consists of sentences with an underlined word followed by four words or group of words. Select the option that is opposite in meaning to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

			900	347 750534	
101.	He discontinued	the work	due to	pressu	e.

- (a) deputed
- (b) resumed
- (c) ceased
- (d) concealed

#### 102. The teacher chided the pupil.

- (a) admonished
- (b) reprimanded
- (c) commended
- (d) reproved

#### 103. I cherish your company.

- (a) deprecate
- (b) value
- (c) adore
- (d) sustain

## 104. The house was full of chaos when I reached.

- (a) disorder
- (b) confusion
- (c) uniformity
- (d) order

## 105. We worship celestial beings.

- (a) utopian
- (b) earthly
- (c) transcendental
- (d) ritual

## 106. Mohan is quite reticent.

- (a) garrulous
- (b) taciturn
- (c) reserved
- (d) 'quiet

## 107. He was rather childish.

- (a) infantile
- (b) harmonious
- (c) seasoned
- (d) exquisite

## 108. John is a magniloquent person.

- (a) pompous
- (b) turgid
- (c) lofty
- (d) terse

## 109. His clandestine affairs were suspicious.

- (a) covert
- (b) conspicuous
- (c) furtive
- (d) unknown

## 110. Some animals live a dormant life.

- (a) latent
- (b) inert,
- (c) sluggish
- (d) active

(19-C)

## CLOZE COMPOSITION

Directions: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space with four words or group of words given. Select whichever word or group of words you consider the most appropriate for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

Dad nabits	such	as ov	er-cating, drir	iking,	or.	smoking	(a) (b) (c) (d)	ha are wil sha	1	v	ery ea	sy to acquire.
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	(c)	with							(b)	with r	egard	to
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